JEFF DAVIS COUNTY, TEXAS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable County Judge, Members of the Commissioners Court and Citizens of Jeff Davis County, Texas

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jeff Davis County, Texas (hereafter also the "County"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jeff Davis County, Texas, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Singleton, Clark & Company, PC

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated February 9, 2024 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Singleton, Clark & Company, PC

Alpine, Texas

February 9, 2024

As management of Jeff Davis County, Texas (hereafter the "County"), we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the independent auditor's report on page 1 and the County's basic financial statements which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$8,288,185 (net position). Of this amount, \$4,674,539 represents unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$4,563,482, an increase of \$204,823 in comparison with the prior year. Of this amount, \$2,746,959 is available for spending at the County's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$2,746,959, or 106% of total General Fund current year expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis provided here are intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) the notes to financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents financial information on all of the County's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial health of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, public safety, judicial, highways and streets, public facilities, health and welfare, culture and recreation, and conservation and development. The County currently does not have any business-type activities.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules. Other schedules supporting the basic financial statements are presented here, such as combining schedules of individual non-major governmental funds and custodial funds.

Government-wide Overall Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position over time, may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial health. In the case of the County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$8,288,185 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The following tables summarize the County's Net Position and Changes in Net Position as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Table I JEFF DAVIS COUNTY, TEXAS NET POSITION

	 Governmental Activities 2022		Governmental Activities 2021		Change
ASSETS					
Current & Other Assets	\$ 8,227,525	\$	7,903,758	\$	323,767
Capital Assets	2,971,484		2,133,442		838,042
Total Assets	11,199,009		10,037,200		1,161,809
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS					
Deferred Outflows	144,842		213,057		(68,215)
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities	2,419,499		2,973,359		(553,860)
Long-term Liabilities	57,212		65,796		(8,584)
Total Liabilities	2,476,711		3,039,155		(562,444)
DEFERRED INFLOWS					
Deferred Inflows	 578,955		129,355		449,600
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets, net of Related					
Debt	1,797,123		2,133,442		(336,319)
Restricted	1,816,523		1,985,715		(169,192)
Unrestricted	4,674,539		2,962,590		1,711,949
Total Net Position	\$ 8,288,185	\$	7,081,747	\$	1,206,438

Governmental Activities. During the current fiscal year, net position for governmental activities increased by \$1,217,078 from the prior fiscal year for an ending balance of \$8,288,185. The increase in overall net position of governmental activities is primarily due to fund balance changes at the governmental funds level discussed below, net of the difference in the accounting treatment of some transactions under the full-accrual accounting method utilized by the government-wide financial statements.

Financial Analysis of Governmental Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a County's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the County itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the Commissioners Court.

At December 31, 2022, the County's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$4,563,482 an increase of \$204,823 in comparison with the prior year fund balance of \$4,369,299 (before prior period adjustment of (\$10,640). Of this amount, \$2,746,959 constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the County's discretion. The remaining amount of the fund balance is currently reported as restricted in the amount of \$1,816,523.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$2,746,959. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total General Fund expenditures. The unassigned fund balance of the General Fund represents approximately 106% of total General Fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the County's General Fund increased by \$116,055 during the current fiscal year in comparison with the prior year fund balance amount of \$2,594,302 (before prior period adjustment of \$36,602). This near break-even in revenues versus expenditures for the General Fund is largely in line with the originally adopted budget of the County for the year.

The Road & Bridge Fund, a major governmental fund, experienced an \$80,716 increase in fund balance during the current fiscal year, which resulted in an overall ending fund balance amount of \$773,642. The increase in fund balance relates to inflows to the fund from the state for fees generated outpacing the current year needs for road maintenance and repairs.

The Emergency Management Services Fund, a major governmental fund, experienced a decrease of \$37,281 in fund balance during the current fiscal year, to end at \$134,722. Fund balance initially decreased as a result of regular operations by \$123,502 due to higher than anticipated personnel and equipment costs during the year. However, most of this decrease due to operations was offset by a Transfer In of American Rescue Grant funds for qualifying expenditures made during the year.

The Grants Fund, a major governmental fund, experienced a decrease of \$51,382 in the fund balance during the current fiscal year, to end at \$379,547. The decrease in fund balance is the result of spending received grant funds on qualified projects during the year.

The combined non-major governmental funds of the County experienced a fund balance increase of \$96,715 in fund balance during the current fiscal year, to end at \$528,612. The increase in fund balance is mainly attributed to an increase in fund balance of the Hotel/Motel Tax Fund which experienced larger collections of taxes than were appropriated for qualifying purposes during the year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Original Budget Compared to Final Budget. During the year a significant budget amendment was approved to the General Government line item to increase original appropriation by \$353,250. Two other budgetary line items, Public Safety and Capital Outlay, while amended during the year ultimately reported expenditures in excess of appropriations of \$38,250 and \$54,638, respectively.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2022, amounts to \$2,971,484 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes buildings, machinery, equipment, and vehicles. Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements section of this report.

	Governmental Activities 2022		 vemmental Activities 2021	Change
Construction in Progress	\$	679,927	\$ 4,873	\$ 675,054
Buildings		5,190,375	5,190,375	-
Furniture and Equipment		3,874,724	3,375,417	499,307
Infrastructure		824,268	824,268	-
Total		10,569,294	9,394,933	 1,174,361
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(7,597,810)	(7,261,491)	(336,319)
Capital assets, net of depreciation	\$	2,971,484	\$ 2,133,442	\$ 838,042

Long-term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had long-term obligations consisting only of liabilities for accrued employee vacation time.

	Gov	Governmental		Governmental			
	Activities		Activities				
	2022		2021		Change		
Compensated Absences	\$	57,212	\$	65,796	\$	(8,584)	
Total	\$	57,212	\$	65,796	\$	(8,584)	

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The adopted budget for fiscal year 2022-2023 for the County's General Fund is approximately \$2.3 million, which reflects a decrease of roughly \$300,000 from the fiscal year 2021-2022 General Fund final year-end expenditures. The County adopted a total tax rate of \$0.72017 for fiscal year 2022-2023, which is noted to be a one-time 9-month fiscal year due to the County changing to a September 30th year-end entity.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the County Treasurer's Office, P. O. Box 605, Fort Davis, Texas, 79734, or by calling (432) 426-3243.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JEFF DAVIS COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

			Program Revenues					Net	t (Expense)	
										Primary
				Charges	(Operating	C	apital	Go	vernment
17				for	G	rants and	Gran	its and	Go	vernmental
Functions/Programs:]	Expenses		Services	Co	ntributions	Contr	ibutions		Activities
Primary Government:										
Governmental Activities:										
General Government	\$	1,883,441	\$	91,226	\$	692,100	\$	-	\$	(1,100,115)
Public Safety		798,285		3,390		364,128		-		(430,767)
Judicial System		132,579		75,594		884		-		(56,101)
Transportation		111,122		118,041		17,871		-		24,790
Culture and Recreation		15,678		1,629		-		-		(14,049)
Health and Human Services		361,411		-		30,583		-		(330,828)
Economic Development		181,282		6,000		-				(175,282)
Total Governmental Activities:	\$	3,483,798	\$	295,880	\$	1,105,566	\$			(2,082,352)
	Ger	neral Revenu	ies:							
		Property Ta	xes							2,177,184
		General Sale	s an	d Use Taxes						482,614
		Investment	Inco	me						36,901
		Other Rever	nue							292,731
		Total Ge	nera	l Revenues						2,989,430
		Change i	in No	et Postion Be	efore	Special Iter	n:			907,078
	Spe	ecial Items:								
	•	Sale of Build	ling							310,000
		Change in	Net	Position						1,217,078
	Net	Position - E	Begir	nning						7,081,747
	Prio	or Period Ad	justi	ments						(10,640)
	Net	Position - E	indir	ng					\$	8,288,185
									_	

FUND BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

					Total
		To	otal Non-	Go	vernmental
Gra	ints Fund	Ma	ijor Funds		Funds
\$	425,771	\$	531,487	\$	5,054,508
	-		-		834,663
			20		1,051,206
	-		-		(210,241)
	-		108,950		148,925
	50,000		-		177,221
	-		-		313,723
\$	475,771	\$	640,437	\$	7,370,005
\$	253	\$	49,885	\$	286,629
Ф	2,5	Ф	4,168	Ф	55,579
	61,431		57,772		-
	•		31,112		177,221
	34,540		111.005		1,446,129
	96,224		111,825		1,965,558
	-		-		840,965
	-		_		840,965
•					
	379,547		2,158		381,705
	-		-		134,722
	-		-		773,642
	-		526,454		526,454
	-		-		2,746,959
	379,547		528,612		4,563,482
\$	475,771	\$	640,437	\$	7,370,005

JEFF DAVIS COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 4,563,482
Capital assets and related accumulated depreciation used in governmental activities are not current financial resources, and therefore not reported in the funds. These are detailed as follows:		
Governmental activities capital assets	\$ 10,569,294	
Less accumulated depreciation	(7,597,810)	2,971,484
Net pension and other post-employment assets or liabilities as well as related deferred inflows and outflows are not reported in the governmental funds, but are reported on the Statement of Net Positon. These amounts are detailed as follows:		
Current net pension asset	1,034,741	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	144,842	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	 (578,955)	600,628
Uncollected property taxes are not available to pay for current operations and are therefore not recorded within the fund balance of the governmental funds. These amounts are however recorded in the statement of net position, net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts.		209,803
Long-term liabilities, such as bonds and notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. These are detailed as follows:		
Compensated absences	 (57,212)	 (57,212)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 8,288,185

_	_				
			Total		
	Tot	al Non-	Go	vernmental	
Grants Fund	Majo	r Funds		Funds	
\$ -	\$	-	\$	2,161,769	
-		239,276		482,614	
-		23,511		289,080	
•		-		6,800	
•		184		36,901	
848,490		175,545		1,105,566	
8,560		80		292,731	
857,050		438,596		4,375,461	
125,900		-		1,775,241	
30,928		123,758		768,851	
-		-		129,896	
-		-		100,923	
-		256		22,131	
-		-		340,997	
-		168,238		168,238	
975,383		49,629		1,174,361	
1,132,211		341,881		4,480,638	
(275,161)		96,715		(105,177)	
•		-		86,221	
310,000		-		310,000	
(86,221)		-		(86,221)	
223,779		-		310,000	
(51,382))	96,715		204,823	
457,480		452,588		4,369,299	
(26,551)		(20,691)		(10,640)	
\$ 379,547	\$	528,612	\$	4,563,482	

JEFF DAVIS COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 204,823
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. In addition, depreciation expense is only reported on the Statement of Activities.		
Expenditures for capitalized assets	\$ 1,174,361	
Less current year depreciation	(336,319)	838,042
Long-term liabilities, such as bonds and notes payable, are not recorded within the governmental funds due to them not representing current liabilities. When principal repayments are made on these obligations, they represent expenditures in the governmental funds and reduce long-term liabilities in the statement of activities.		
Change in long-term liabilities for compensated absences	8,584	8,584
Revenues in the statements of activities for property taxes are recognized in the period levied, not collected. Therefore the uncollected property taxes of the		
current period increase the change in net position.		15,415
Governmental funds report pension and other post-employment benefit contributions as current year expenditures. However, these costs are measured actuarially in the statement of activities. These differences in recognition between the governmental funds and Statement of Activities for these items is as follows:		
Current year pension expense	150,214	150,214
Change in Net Position-Governmental Activities		\$ 1,217,078

JEFF DAVIS COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Original Final Actual I	Variance with Final Budget \$ (57,559) 50,378
Property Taxes \$ 2,219,328 \$ 2,219,328 \$ 2,161,769	50,378
	50,378
General Sales and Use Taxes 75,000 75,000 125,378	•
Fines, Fees, and Permits 153,050 153,050 147,528	(5,522)
Rent and Lease Revenue 6,000 6,000 6,800	800
Investment Income 15,400 15,400 36,717	21,317
Intergovernmental Revenues 63,700 63,700 60,542	(3,158)
Other Revenue 88,150 88,150 170,363	82,213
Total Revenues 2,620,628 2,620,628 2,709,097	88,469
EXPENDITURES	
Current:	
General Government 1,345,511 1,698,761 1,649,341	49,420
Public Safety 599,415 575,915 614,165	(38,250)
Judicial System 307,592 136,998 129,896	7,102
Public Facilities 207,813 42,276 21,420	20,856
Public Works 117,977 117,977 115,082	2,895
Capital Outlay 13,074 8,500 63,138	(54,638)
Total Expenditures 2,591,382 2,580,427 2,593,042	(12,615)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue Over Expenditures 29,245 40,201 116,055	75,854
Net Change in Fund Balance 29,245 40,201 116,055	75,854
Fund Balance - Beginning 2,594,302 2,594,302 2,594,302	-
Prior Period Adjustment 36,602	36,602
Fund Balance - Ending \$ 2,623,547 \$ 2,634,503 \$ 2,746,959 \$	\$ 112,456

JEFF DAVIS COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Fiduciary Funds
	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS	
Collections:	
Collections for District/County Clerk Services	\$ 58,633
Collections for Taxes and Fees	4,422,550
Total contributions	4,481,183
Total Additions	4,481,183
DEDUCTIONS	
Remittance to County Treasurer	389,516
Remittance to Taxing Authorities	3,989,172
Other Remittances	52,688
Total Deductions	4,431,376
Change in Net Position	49,807
Net Position - Beginning	590,521
Net Position - Ending	\$ 640,328

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE-1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting entity

Jeff Davis County, Texas (the "County") is the primary government and is governed by an elected County Judge and four-member Commissioners Court (the "Court"). The accompanying financial statements present the County and its component units, entities for which the County is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations, even though they are legally separate entities. Thus, blended component units are appropriately presented as funds of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the County. Based on these criteria, no blended or discretely presented component units have been included within the financial statements of Jeff Davis County.

Description of government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

Basis of presentation – government-wide financial statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds and internal service funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the County's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Basis of presentation – fund financial statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the County, except those accounted for in other funds.

The Road & Bridge Fund is a special revenue fund that is used to account for resources used by the County in connection with providing transportation infrastructure and services to its citizens. This fund met the criteria to be considered a major fund this year.

For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions through leasing arrangements are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period, except those property taxes which have been levied to fund the subsequent fiscal year. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

Custodial funds have no measurement focus but utilize the accrual basis of accounting for reporting assets and liabilities.

Budgetary information

Budgetary basis of accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the General Fund and some other selected special revenue funds. Certain special revenue funds do not have appropriated budgets since other means control the use of these resources (e.g., grant awards and endowment requirements) and sometimes span a period of more than one fiscal year.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund and department. The County's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the Commissioners Court. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the department level.

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts, and commitments). Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under the executory contract is expected in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget pursuant to state regulations.

Excess of expenditures over appropriations

For the year ended December 31, 2022, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the Public Safety and Capital Outlay line items of the General Fund by \$38,250 and \$54,638, respectively.

5. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The governmental funds generally report unavailable revenues from two sources: property taxes and special assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

6. Net position flow assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

7. Fund balance flow assumptions

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

8. Fund balance policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The County itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance). The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the County's highest level of decision-making authority. The Commissioners Court is the highest level of decision-making authority for the County that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation. Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the County for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Commissioners Court has by resolution authorized the County Judge to assign fund balance. The Commissioners Court may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Compensatory Leave

The County's policy permits employees to accumulate earned, but unused, compensatory leave which is eligible for payment upon separation from County service. Compensatory time is granted at the rate of one and one half hours of time off for every hour of overtime worked. There is no limitation as to how many hours can be carried forward. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

4. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, the economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting have been used. This includes deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities, and additions to/deductions from the net position of the pension plan. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE-2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash deposits with financial institutions

Custodial credit risk-deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. However, as of December 31, 2022, and as of the highest cash balance during the year, the County's depository bank balance was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and pledged securities. As of December 31, 2022, the total balance per books of the County's cash deposits and certificates of deposit at Fort Davis State Bank was \$5,733,991 and the corresponding total bank balance was \$5,762,357.

Investments

As of December 31, 2022, the County had the following investments:

Maturity Time in Years										
	L	ess than					N	1ore		
Investment Type		1	1-5		6-10		Than 10		Totals	
Fort Davis State Bank										
Certificates of Deposit	\$	834,663	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	834,663
Total Fort Davis State Bank		834,663		-		-		-		834,663
UBS Investments										
U.S. Treasury Bills		399,882		•		-		-		399,882
UBS Select Treasury Institutional Fund		200,000		-		-		-		200,000
Federal Home Loan Bank - Bond				195,623		-		-		195,623
Total UBS Investments		599,882		195,623		-		-		795,505
Total Investments	\$	1,434,545	\$	195,623	\$	-	\$	•	\$	1,630,168

NOTE-5 PENSION OBLIGATIONS

Texas County & District Retirement System (TCDRS)

Plan Description

- a. Jeff Davis County, Texas participates in the Texas County & District Retirement System (TCDRS), which is a statewide, agent multiple-employer, public employee retirement system.
- b. A brief description of benefit terms:
 - All full and part-time non-temporary employees participate in the plan, regardless of the number of hours they work in a year. Employees in a temporary position are not eligible for membership.
 - 2) The plan provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits.
 - 3) TCDRS is a savings-based plan. For the County's plan, 7% of each employee's pay is deposited into his or her TCDRS account. By law, employee accounts earn 7% interest on beginning of year balances annually. At retirement, the account is matched at an employer set percentage (current match is 150%) and is then converted to an annuity.
 - 4) There are no automatic COLAs. Each year, the County may elect an ad hoc COLA for its retirees (if any). There are two COLA types, each limited by actual inflation.
 - 5) Benefit terms are established under the TCDRS Act. They may be amended as of January 1 each year, but must remain in conformity with the Act.
- c. Membership information is shown in the chart below.
- d. The County's contribution rate is calculated annually on an actuarial basis, although the employer may elect to contribute at a higher rate. The Jeff Davis County contribution rate is based on the TCDRS funding policy adopted by the TCDRS Board of Trustees and must conform with the TCDRS Act. The employee contribution rates are set by the County and are currently 7%. Contributions to the pension plan from the County for 2021 (the most recent measurement year) are shown in the Schedule of Employer Contributions.
- e. The most recent comprehensive annual financial report for TCDRS can be found at the following link, www.TCDRS.org/Employer.

Membership Information

Members	1	2/31/2020	 12/31/2021
Number of inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits:		36	38
Number of active employees		34	39
Average monthly salary:*	\$	2,289	\$ 2,276
Average age:*		55.77	56.13
Average length of service in years:*		5.98	 6.88
Inactive Employees (or their Beneficiaries) Receiving Benefits			
Number of benefit recipients:		23	25
Average monthly benefit:	\$	686	\$ 652

^{*}Averages reported for active employees.

			Geometric
		Target	Real Rate
Asset Class	Benchmark	Allocation	of Return
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	11.50%	3.80%
Global Equities	M SCI World (net) Index	2.50%	4.10%
Int'l Equities-Developed Mkts	M SCI World Ex USA (net)	5.00%	3.80%
Int'l Equities-Emerging Mkts	M SC1 Emerging M arkets (net) Index	6.00%	4.30%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Bloomberg Barclay's U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	-0.85%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	9.00%	1.77%
Direct Lending	S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	16.00%	6.25%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Assoc. Distressed Securities Index (3)	4.00%	4.50%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index + 33% S&P Global REIT	2.00%	3.10%
	(net) Index		
Master Limited Partnerships	Alerian MLP Index	2.00%	3.85%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index (4)	6.00%	5.10%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture Capital Index (5)	25.00%	6.80%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds Composite Index	6.00%	1.55%
Cash Equivalents	90-Day U. S. Treasury	2.00%	-1.05%
		100%	

- (1) Target asset allocation adopted at the March 2022 TCDRS Board meeting.
- (2) Geometric real rates of return equal the expected return for the asset class minus the assumed inflation rate of 2.6%, per Cliffwater's 2022 capital market assumptions.
- (3) Includes vintage years 2005-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.
- (4) Includes vintage years 2007-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.
- (5) Includes vintage years 2006-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

Discount Rate

	12/31/2020	12/31/2021
Discount Rate (1)	7.60%	7.60%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return, net of Investment Expense (1)	7.60%	7.60%
Municipal Bond Rate (2)	Does not apply	Does not apply

- (1) This rate reflects the long-term rate of return funding valuation assumption of 7.50%, plus 0.10% adjustment to be gross of administrative expenses as required by GASB-68.
- (2) The plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active, inactive, and retired members. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return, and the municipal bond rate does not apply.

The following presents the net pension liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 7.60% as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.60%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.60%) than the current rate.

	Discoun	t Rate (6.60%)	Disco	unt Rate7.60%	Discou	ınt Rate (8.60%)
Total Pension Liability	\$	3,999,387	\$	3,624,257	\$	3,299,121
Fiduciary Net Position		4,658,998		4,658,998		4,658,998
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	(659,611)	\$	(1,034,741)	\$	(1,359,877)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in the pension plan year as follows:

Measurement Year	Pension Expense					
Ended December 31,	Amount					
2022	\$ (76,636)					
2023	(202,835)					
2024	(126,488)					
2025	(110,489)					
2026	-					
Thereafter	-					

NOTE-6 ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities reported by governmental funds at December 31, 2022, were as follows:

Governmental Funds:

	(General	1	Road &	ergency agement	Grants		onmajor emmental	Total Governmental				
		Fund		Bridge S		Services Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds	
Accounts Payable	\$	222,502	\$	12,802	\$	1,187	\$	253	\$	49,885	\$	286,629	
Accrued Liabilities		45,570		-		5,841		-		4,168		55,579	
Total	\$	268,072	\$	12,802	\$	7,028	\$	253	\$	54,053	\$	342,208	

NOTE-7 RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. To reduce its risk exposure in these areas the County is a member of the Texas Association of Counties Risk Pool (the "Risk Pool") for liability, property, and workers' compensation. The Risk Pool is a public entity risk pool and was created based on the general objectives of formulation, developing and administering a program of self-insurance for the membership and obtaining lower costs for coverage. The Risk Pool has the power to establish fees, contributions and methods for establishing rates. Under contract with the Risk Pool, the Association provides for such services as claims administration and management, underwriting, loss control services and training, and financial reporting as its members.

The Pool is governed by a Board of Directors made up of employees or officials of counties, which are members of the Pool. Member counties make contributions to the Pool, and the Pool provides insurance coverage and applicable reinsurance or stop loss coverage. The insurance policies carry various deductibles and aggregate maximum loss totals. The by-laws of the Pool are detailed in a separate document, which can be obtained from the Texas Association of Counties, 1210 San Antonio Street, Austin TX 78701.

Interfund transfers for the year were as follows:

	Tran	s fer in to:	_	
	Govern	nental Funds		
		EMS		
	<u></u>	Grant		Total
Transfer out from:				
Grants and Restricted Funds	\$	86,221	\$	86,221
Total	\$	86,221	\$	86,221

NOTE-10 CONTINGENCIES

The County participates in various federal grant programs, the principal of which are subject to program compliance audits pursuant to the Single Audit Act as amended. Accordingly, the County's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at a future date. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the County anticipates such amounts, if any, will be immaterial.

NOTE-11 PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

			Other				Total
	General	Restricted		Grants		Go	vernmental
	Fund]	Funds		Fund		Funds
Fund balance as previously stated at 12/31/21	\$ 2,594,302	\$	37,929	\$	457,480	\$	3,401,860
Effect of removing selected cash accounts that should have been removed during the							
software conversion to InCode	36,602		(20,691)		(26,551)		(10,640)
Fund balance as restated at 12/31/21	\$ 2,630,904	\$	17,238	\$	430,929	\$	3,391,220

The effect on beginning net position of the prior period adjusments described is summarized as follows:

	Go	vernmental
		Activities
Net position as previously stated at 12/31/21	\$	7,081,747
Effect of removing selected cash accounts that should have been removed during the		
software conversion to InCode		(47,242)
Correction of prior year TCDRS liability account		36,602
Net position as restated at 12/31/21	\$	7,071,107

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

M	69	e i i	re	me	nt	Dat	ŀĸ
IVI	Ca	ΝЦ	16		111	1201	u

	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
\$	114,753	\$	129,224	\$	122,114	\$	98,228	\$	107,660
	230,526		214,910		195,573		184,174		172,930
	-		-		-		(11,703)		-
	-		22,033		-		30,127		-
	(58,992)		6,427		7,013		(20,397)		(53,071)
_	(175,497)		(155,551)		(155,111)		(130,135)	_	(57,515)
	110,790		217,043		169,589	_	150,294		170,004
	2,817,289	_	2,600,246		2,430,657	_	2,280,364		2,110,360
	2,928,079		2,817,289		2,600,246	_	2,430,658	_	2,280,364
							(A)		
	65,427		65,237		71,078		64,197		63,041
	65,427		65,387		71,078		64,197		63,041
	(60,545)		412,612		195,523		16,981		187,669
	(175,497)		(155,551)		(155,111)		(130,135)		(57,515)
	(2,483)		(2,138)		(2,126)		(1,901)		(1,953)
	(15,450)		(354)		5,651		(7,725)		(48,104)
	(123,121)		385,193		186,093		5,614		206,179
	3,214,723		2,829,530		2,643,437	_	2,637,822		2,431,644
_\$	3,091,602	_\$	3,214,723	_\$	2,829,530	\$	2,643,436	_\$	2,637,823
\$	(163,523)	\$	(397,434)	\$	(229,284)	\$	(212,778)	\$	(357,459)
				_		=		=	
	105.58%		114.11%		108.82%		108.75%		115.68%
\$	934,669	\$	931,961	\$	1,015,401	\$	917,097	\$	900,581
	-17.50%		-42.64%		-22.58%		-23.20%		-39.69%

JEFF DAVIS COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS – TEXAS COUNTY & DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Fiscal Year Ending December 31,	Actuarially Determined Contribution		Actual Employer Contribution		De	ntribution eficiency Excess)	nsionable Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll	
2013	\$	45,594	\$	56,891	\$	(11,297)	\$ 812,728	7.0%	
2014		49,262		63,041		(13,779)	900,581	7.0%	
2015		46,038		64,197		(18,159)	917,097	7.0%	
2016		46,302		71,078		(24,776)	1,015,401	7.0%	
2017		42,125		65,237		(23,112)	931,961	7.0%	
2018		41,499		65,427		(23,928)	934,669	7.0%	
2019		38,427		62,702		(24,275)	895,737	7.0%	
2020		75,328		75,328		-	1,076,110	7.0%	
2021		75,764		75,764		-	1,079,146	7.0%	
2022		82,355		82,355		•	1,176,260	7.0%	

JEFF DAVIS COUNTY, TEXAS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND DESCRIPTIONS DECEMBER 31, 2022

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for particular purposes.

Operation Stonegarden Fund - Accounts for grant and expenses related to enhancing border protection.

Library and Union Building Fund – Accounts for the maintenance and renovations of the library building.

County Attorney Hot Check Fund – Accounts for County Attorney fees and charges for hot check collections.

Law Library Fund – Accounts for the fees collected for operating and maintaining the law library.

Records Management Fund – Accounts for the revenue and expenditures of providing records services by the District/County Clerk and records management purposes.

Courthouse Security Fund – Accounts for the operating activities related to security purposes for the County courthouse.

Other Restricted Funds – Accounts for revenue and expenses related to funds that have been restricted for specific use.

TCDP Grant Fund – Accounts for Cares Act grant and expenses related to community development upgrading living conditions of low and moderate income persons.

Ambulance Donations Fund - Accounts for donations and expenses related to purchasing an ambulance.

Library Donations Fund – Accounts for library donations received and the related usage of those funds on purposes benefiting the library.

JF Historic Fund – Accounts for the revenue and expenditures of the historic preservation fund.

Hotel/Motel Tax Fund – Accounts for the special revenues received through hotel/motel taxes for purposes of spending on economic development.

	070	072		083		085		088	089	
		 S	PEC	IAL REVI	ENUE	FUNDS	3			
Res	Other stricted funds	CDP Grant	Do	nbulance enations Fund	Dor	brary nations fund		Historic Fund	Hotel- lotel Tax Fund	otal Non- jor Funds
\$	18,703 -	\$ -	\$	17,459 -	\$	-	\$	69,765	\$ 127,156 9,630	\$ 531,487 108,950
\$	18,703	\$ -	\$	17,459	\$	-	\$	69,765	\$ 136,786	\$ 640,437
\$	- -	\$ - - -	\$	256	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,167 13,240	\$ 49,885 4,168 57,772
	18,703	-		256 - 17,203		-		- 69,765	14,407	2,158 526,454
	18,703	 -		17,203		-		69,765	 122,379	 528,612
\$	18,703	 -	\$	17,459	\$	-	\$	69,765	\$ 136,786	\$ 640,437

	070	072		083		085		088		089			
SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS													
R	Other Restricted Funds TCDP Grant		Ambulance Donations Fund		Library Donations Fund		JF Historic Fund		Hotel-Motel Tax Fund		Total Non- Major Funds		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	239,276	\$	239,276
	1,465		-		-		-		•		-		23,511
	-		-		-		-		184		~		184
	-		10,064		-		-		-		-		175,545
	-		-		-		-		-		-		80
	1,465		10,064		-		-	_	184		239,276		438,596
			10,064								1		123,758
			-		256		-		_		_		256
	_		-		-		-		_		168,238		168,238
	-		-		_		-		-		-		49,629
_	_	_	10,064		256		-	_	-		168,238		341,881
										_			
	1,465				(256)		-		184		71,038		96,715
	1,465		-		(256)		-		184		71,038		96,715
	37,929		-		17,459		-		69,581		51,341		452,588
	(20,691)		-		-		-		-				(20,691)
\$	18,703	\$	-	\$	17,203	\$	-	\$	69,765	\$	122,379	\$	528,612

	OBI		OB2		OB3			
		Custo	dial Funds					
Coll	Tax Assessor/ Collector - Tax Account		Assessor/ llector - istration/ Title	Collec	Assessor/ tor - Voter istration	Total Custodial Funds		
\$	453,402	\$	50,644	\$	584	\$	640,328	
\$	453,402	\$	50,644	\$	584	\$	640,328	
\$	453,402	\$	50,644	\$	584	\$	640,328	
\$	453,402	\$	50,644	\$	584	\$	640,328	

	OB1		OB2	(OB3							
	_	Cust	odial Funds									
Tax Assessor/ Collector - Tax Account		C	Assessor/ ollector - gistration/ Title	Collect	ssessor/ or - Voter stration	Total Custodial Funds						
\$	4,068,129	\$	- 354,294	\$	- 127	\$	58,633 4,422,550					
	4,068,129		354,294		127		4,481,183					
	-		389,516		-		389,516					
	3,989,172		-		-		3,989,172 52,688					
	3,989,172		389,516		-		4,431,376					
	78,957		(35,222)		127		49,807					
	374,445		85,866		457		590,521					
\$	453,402	\$	50,644	\$	584	\$	640,328					

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable County Judge, Members of the Commissioners Court and Citizens of Jeff Davis County, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jeff Davis County, Texas (hereafter the "County"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 9, 2024.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we identified a deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a significant deficiency and which has been reported as Audit Finding 2022-001 in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed two instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which have been reported as Audit Findings 2022-002 and 2022-003 in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Singleton, Clark & Company, PC

Singleton, Clark & Company, PC

Alpine, Texas

February 9, 2024

JEFF DAVIS COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS			;	
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS				
Type of auditor's report issued:		Unmodified	l	
Internal control over financial reporting:				
• Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes	\boxtimes	No
 Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? 		Yes		None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		Yes		No
FEDERAL AWARDS				
Under the guidelines of the federal Uniform Guidance, a S December 31, 2022 due to expenditures of federal awards be				for the year ended
SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS			4-35	
Findings Related to Financial Statements Which are Require Auditing Standards:	ed to be I	Reported in A	ccordance	with Governmen
2022-001 Accounting and Financial Reporting (Significan	ıt Deficie	ency)		

Criteria:

Counties carry out regular accounting activities on a daily, weekly, and monthly basis to enable them to issue external financial statements each year as required by state law. The financial statements provide information to the public and to state and federal agencies regarding a County's finances and its financial condition. In addition, Counties also rely on internal financial reports to properly monitor ongoing financial and budgetary matters. These internal financial reports are also dependent on the ongoing accounting functions of the County.

Condition:

As a result of the audit, a significant number of audit adjusting entries were required to be applied to the accounting records of the County in order to prepare them for external financial reporting that adheres to generally accepted accounting principles. It is noted however, there was an improvement in the number of needed entries as compared to the prior year. This condition has therefore been classified this year as a significant deficiency in the financial internal controls rather than a material weakness.

Cause:

The primary cause of this condition was due to problems encountered with the conversion to new financial accounting software in fiscal year 2021. In addition, this condition was contributed to from a lack of review of the books of the County on a regular basis, for example monthly, to check back over the previous month for a verification of the accuracy of all posted transactions, any transactions that may have been missed, and preparation of all bank reconciliations. When this issue was initially reported as a result of the fiscal year 2021 audit however, fiscal year 2022 had already concluded and therefore full corrective action was not yet able to be implemented on the fiscal year 2022 books.

JEFF DAVIS COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS [CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (continued)

<u>Findings Related to Financial Statements Which are Required to be Reported in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards:</u> (continued)

2022-003 Budgetary Non-Compliance

Criteria:

As a financial control, each year the Commissioners Court adopts an expenditures budget which places legal limits on the amount of expenditures that can be made from various departmental line items by the County. As a year progresses, if unanticipated expenditures arise, the Commissioners Court may approve amendments to the originally adopted budget to accommodate higher expenditure needs in a given department.

Condition:

As of year-end, the Public Safety line item of the County budget was reported over budget by \$38,250. In addition, the Capital Outlay line item was reported over budget by \$54,638.

Cause

Budget amendments for these line items were not brought to the Commissioners Court for consideration and approval as needed.

Effect:

The effect is noncompliance with the legally adopted budget of the County within these line items.

Recommendation:

We recommend each Department of the County monitor its own compliance monthly with the County Commissioners approved annual budget. This should be facilitated by the Treasurer's Office providing either monthly or at least quarterly budget-to-actual progress reports to each department. As needed, budget amendments should be proposed to the County Commissioners for consideration and approval. It is noted that needed budget amendments should be identified before related expenditures occur that would need an amendment to be approved.

JEFF DAVIS COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

In addition, at year-end during preparation of the books of the County for the annual financial audit and subsequent presentation as external financial statements, the County Treasurer should conduct analysis of the following and prepare the needed resulting accounting entries:

- Review for needed Accounts Payable entries to reflect all expenditures incurred as of year-end, but still pending payment
- Review for a needed Accrued Payroll entry, to reflect all salaries and wages earned by employees as of year-end, but still pending processing on a pay run
- Review of needed Accounts Receivable entries, to reflect all revenue earned by the County, but still
 pending payment

Finally, to help address these issues, the Treasurer's Office may want to consider obtaining assistance from an outside accountant on a regular basis that could assist with the informal monthly closing of the books.

Current Status:

This condition is noted to have improved during fiscal year 2022, however a similar finding was issued on the topic of accounting and financial reporting. That finding was however reduced from a material weakness to a significant deficiency.

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

<u>Findings Related to Federal Awards Which are Required to be Reported in Accordance with federal Uniform</u> Guidance:

Not applicable.



CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Current Year Audit Findings:

2022-001

Accounting and Financial Reporting (Significant Deficiency)

Corrective Action Planned:

I will continue to work with Malynda Richardson and keep learning.

We have been working closely together to get the accounts cleaned up from the Net Data Software and from me putting things in the wrong cash account. I am happy with the progression that is coming along.

Anticipated Completion Date: Ongoing

Contact Person: Dawn Kitts, Treasurer

2022-002

State Bid Law Non-Compliance (Material Non-Compliance)

Corrective Action Planned:

Still working on a policy that states the bidding process and quotes we have to get before purchasing anything.

Anticipated Completion Date:

Contact Person(s): Dawn Kitts, Treasurer

Peggy Fonseca, EMS Director Mike Wright, Constable

2022-003

Budgetary Compliance

Corrective Action Planned:

I am watching Budgets as often as I can to make sure Departments are not going over. In 2022 the EMS Budget went over and I told the Judge several times and the EMS Director several times and nothing was done.

Anticipated Completion Date: Ongoing

Contact Person: Dawn Kitts, Treasurer